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Foggy **Business** Models don't need to be **Misty**

Where innovation starts

TU



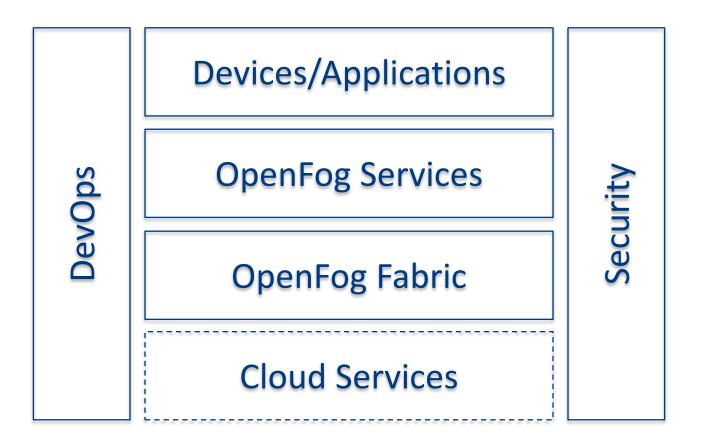
- A foggy landscape with applications

 logistics
 - traffic
- Foggy qualities and stakeholders
- Foggy strategies and business models
- Foggy business model design
 Dem[i|y]stifying collaborations
- Conclusions



A Foggy Landscape with Applications





Adapted from: OpenFog Architecture Overview OpenFog Architecture Working Group

OpenFog Infrastructure View



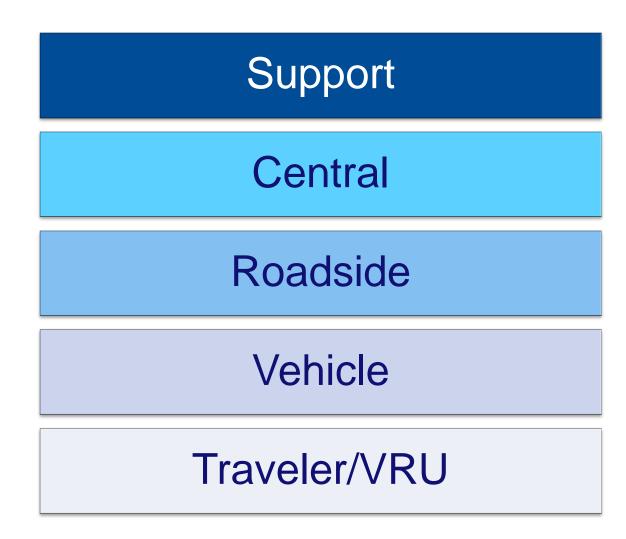
Foggy container handling?





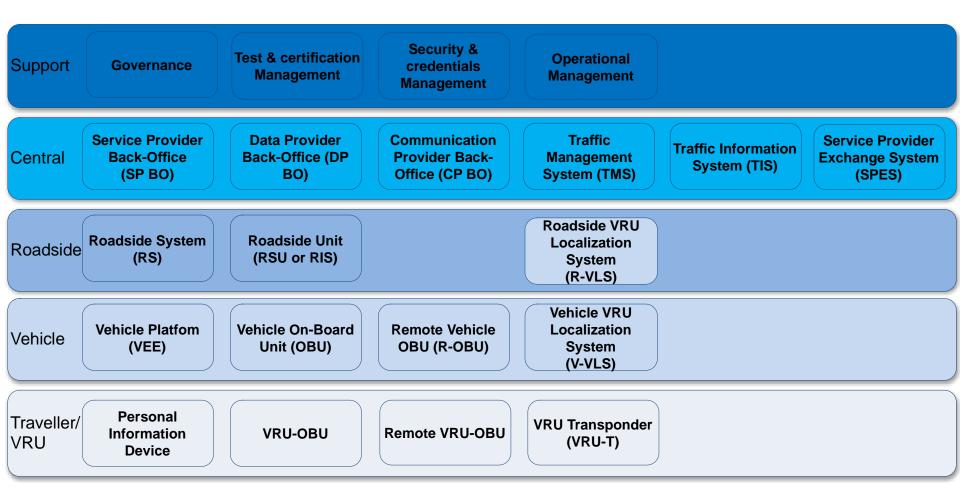
Foggy traffic management? ITS!



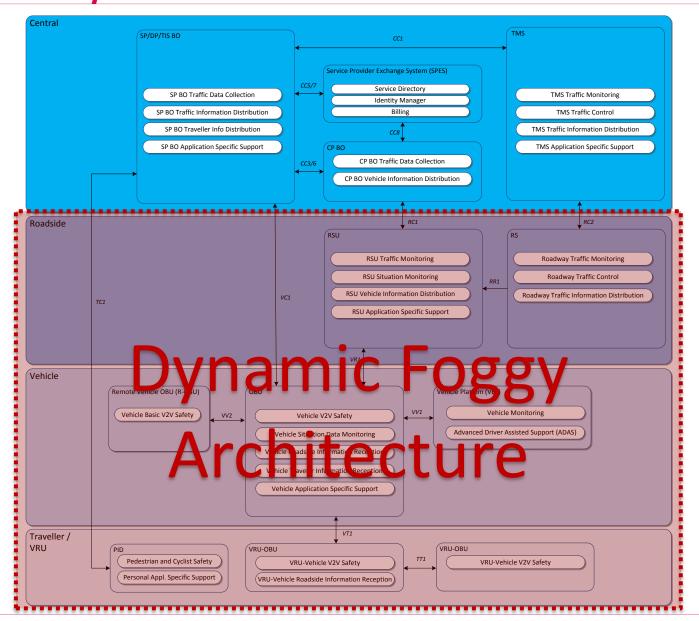


ITS Reference Architecture (Level 0)





ITS Reference Architecture (Level 1)



ITS Reference Architecture (Level 2)

Foggy Qualities and Stakeholders



Security:

- Trust
- Attestation
- Privacy

Scalability:

- Localized cmd, ctrl, & processing
- Orchestration & Analytics
- Avoidance of network taxes

Open:

- Resource visibility & control
- White box decision making
- Interop & Data normalization

OpenFog

Autonomy:

- Flexible
- Cognition & agility
- Value of data

RAS:

- Reliability
- Availability
- Serviceability

Programmability:

- Programmable SW/HW
- Virtualization & multitenant
- App Fluidity

Hierarchy:

- Fully cloud enabled
- Computational & System
- Autonomy at all levels

Agility:

- Tactical & strategic decision making
- Data to wisdom

From: *OpenFog Architecture Overview* OpenFog Architecture Working Group

OpenFog Pillars





OpenFog Pillars – Important to whom?



- Interoperability device heterogeneity
 protocol heterogeneity
- Interoperability data transfer
 - message syntax standards
 - really a problem?
- Interoperability data interpretation
 - data semantics
 - ontologies?

What mistifies the fog - technology?



- Data ownership
 - in logistics scenarios:
 - parties may be (often are) reluctant to share data for competitive reasons (e.g. job snatching, competitor profiling)
 - parties see data as a competitive advantage but often don't know how precisely
 - in mobility scenarios:
 - traffic participants may be reluctant to share data for privacy reasons
 - regulations may obstruct data sharing (even if participants are OK)

What mistifies the fog - data?



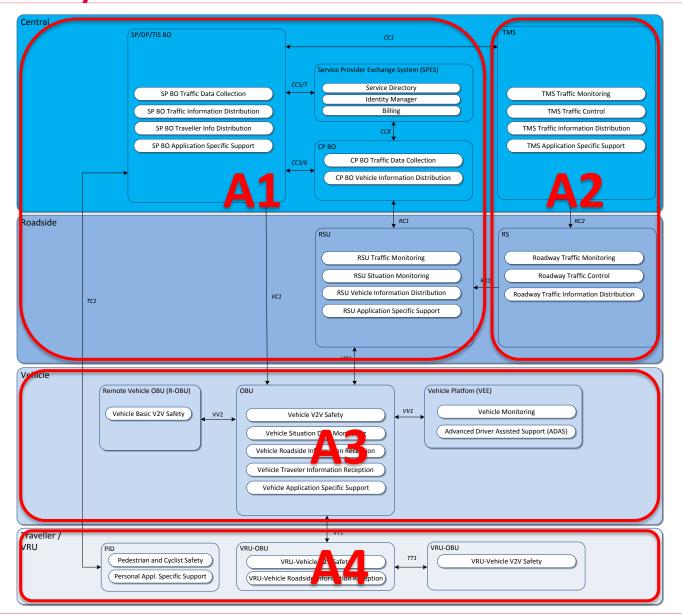
- Cost/benefit sharing
 - parties do not have a clear vision of who pays what
 - financial (easy to quantify) vs. non-financial (hard to quantify) cost/benefits
 - strategic (infrastructure) costs vs. tactic/operational (process) costs
- Data sharing is a form of cost/benefit sharing
 - data should have an explicit value
 - that can be traded against other values
- Business models in new technology settings (such as Fog Computing) need demistification

> Foggy Strategies vs. Foggy Business Models



- Demistifying foggy business means distinguishing between two levels
- Strategic level: thinking long-term about foggy infrastructure costs/benefit projections
 - as business relations change faster than infrastructure setups, these projections cannot be based only on current/short term business relation thinking
- Tactical level: thinking medium-term about foggy business scenarios (~ use cases from a technical perspective)
 - these have to rely on functionality offered by existing infrastructures

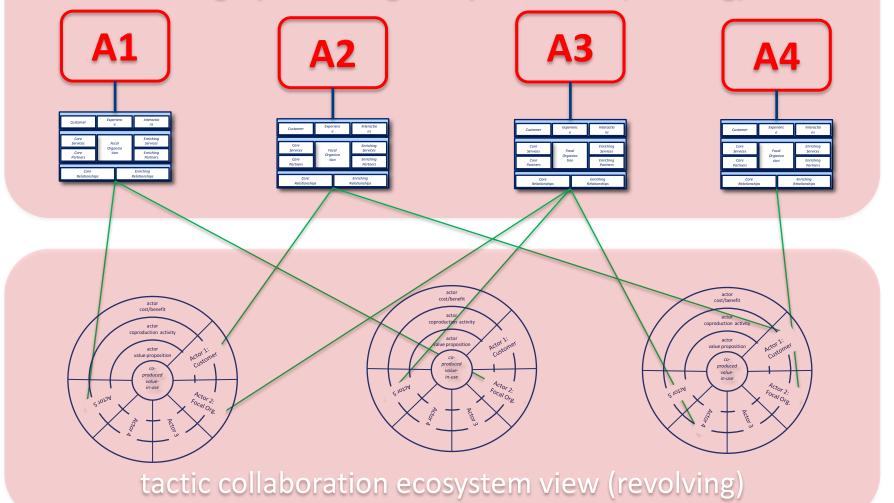
Business at the strategic and tactic levels



System Modules and Actors



strategic positioning ecosystem view (evolving)



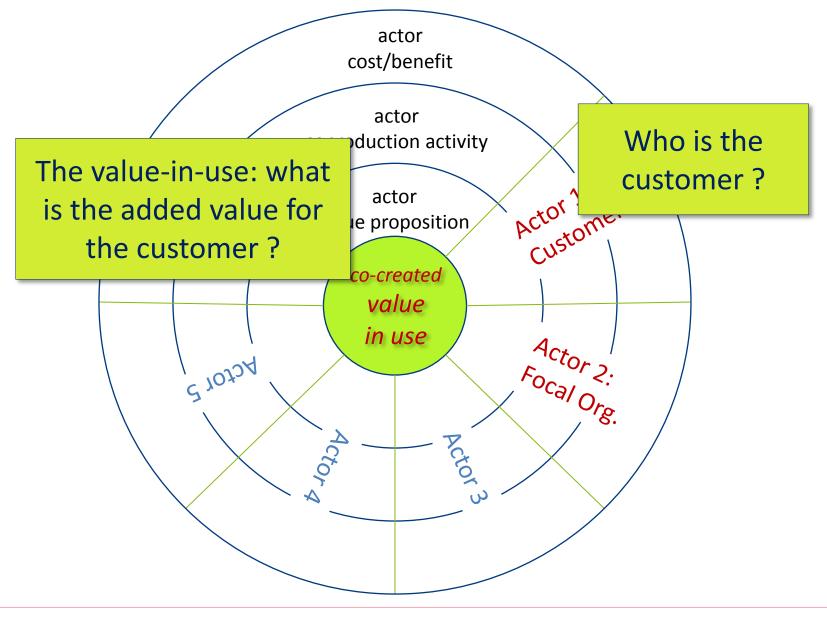
Actors, strategies and business models

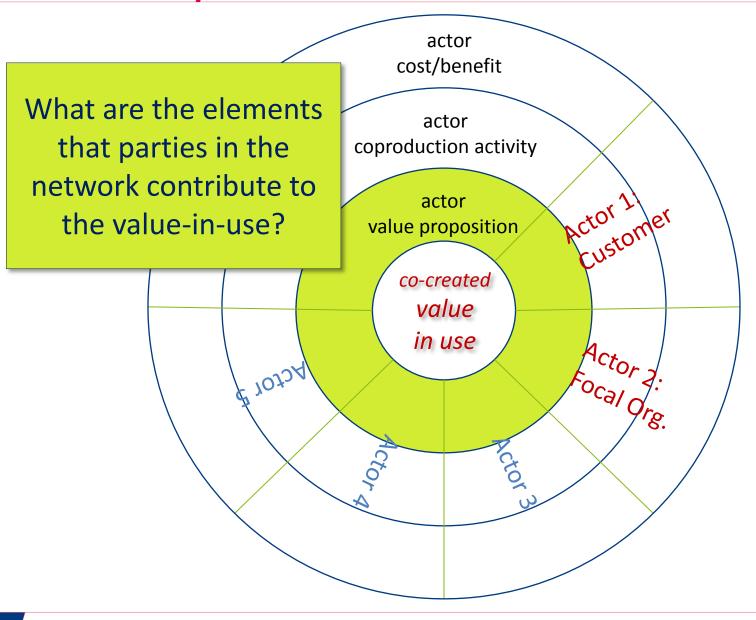
Foggy Business Model Design



- At the tactical level (not resource-oriented)
- Starting from value-in-use
- For a specific customer segment
- Highlighting for every party
 - its contribution to value-in-use
 - its activities to realize that contribution
 - its cost and benefits related to its role
- Addressing all costs and benefits
 - financial and non-financial
- Supporting analysis at the network level



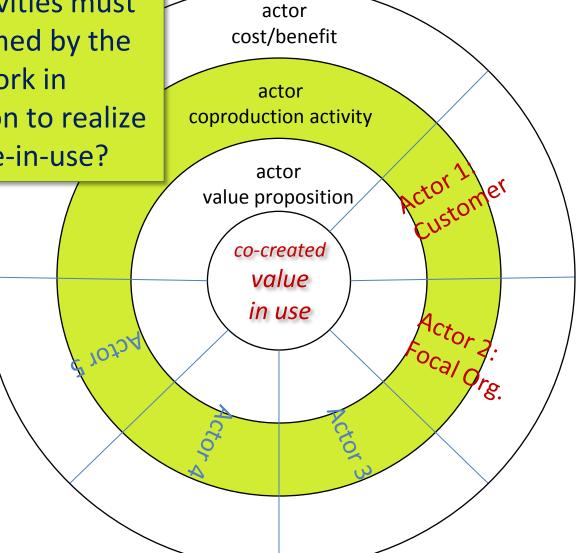








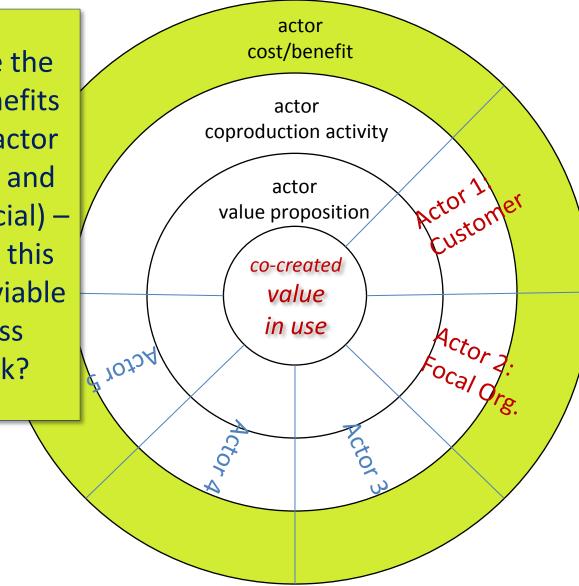
Which activities must be performed by the network in collaboration to realize the value-in-use?





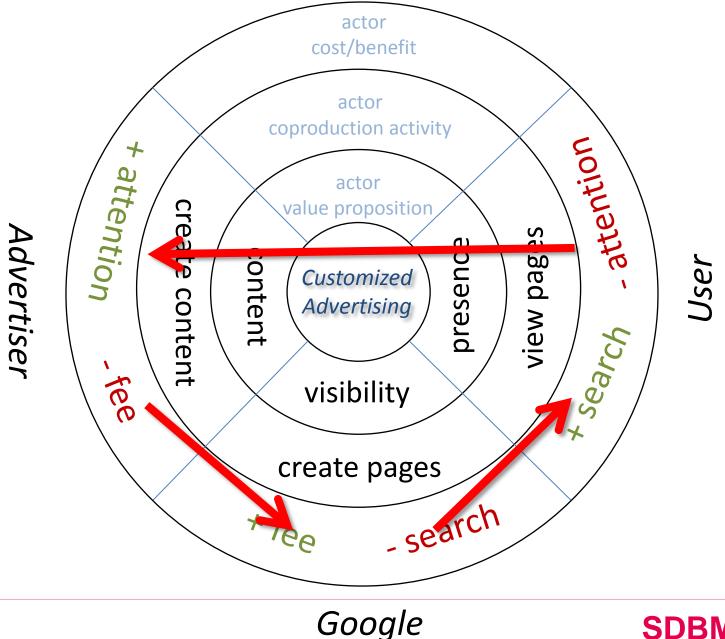
What are the costs/benefits for each actor (financial and non-financial) – and does this lead to a viable business network?

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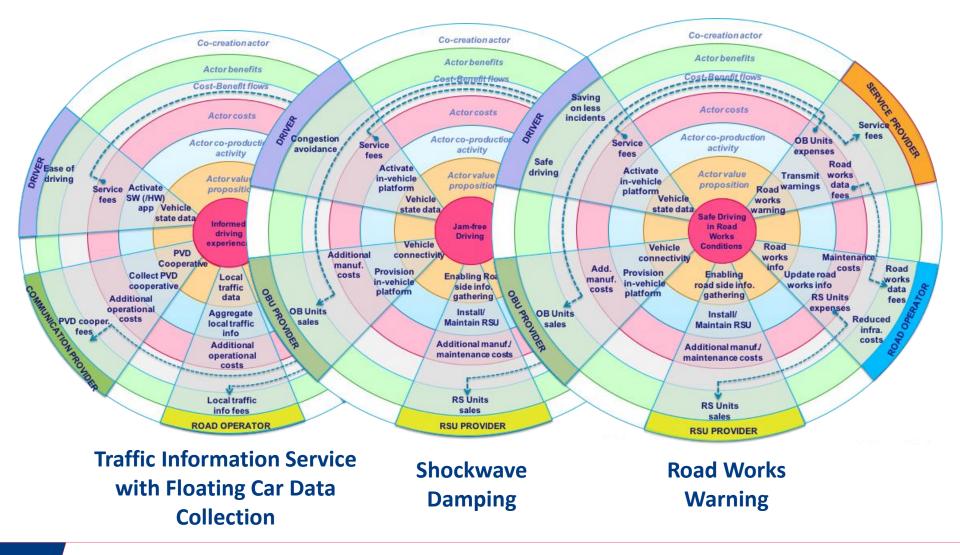




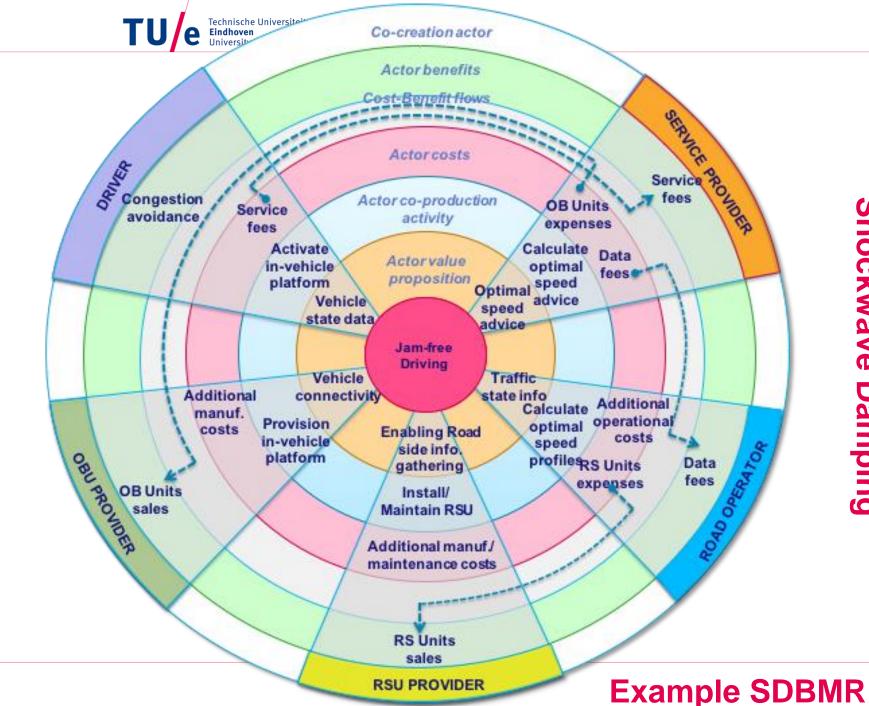


Foggy traffic management? ITS!





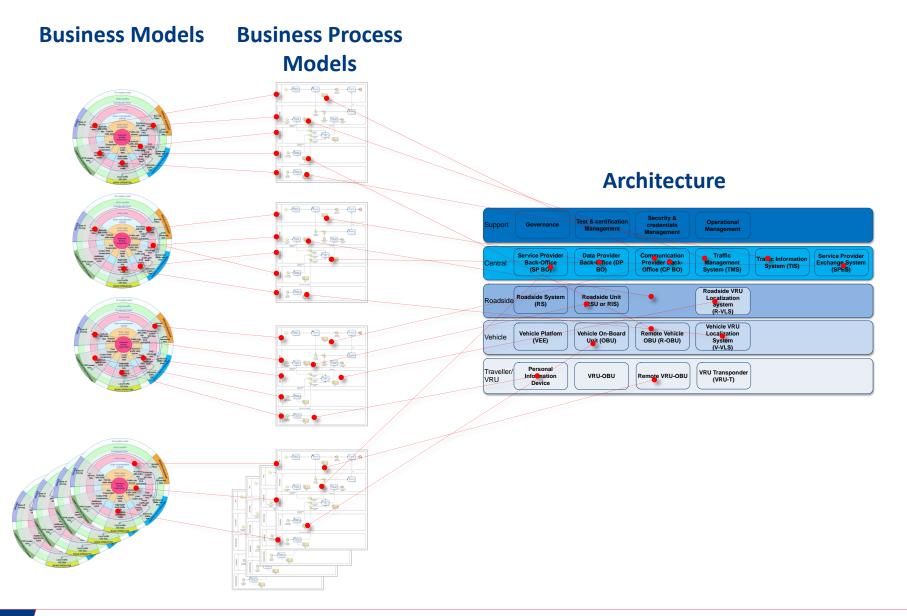
Example business models for ITS



Shockwave Damping

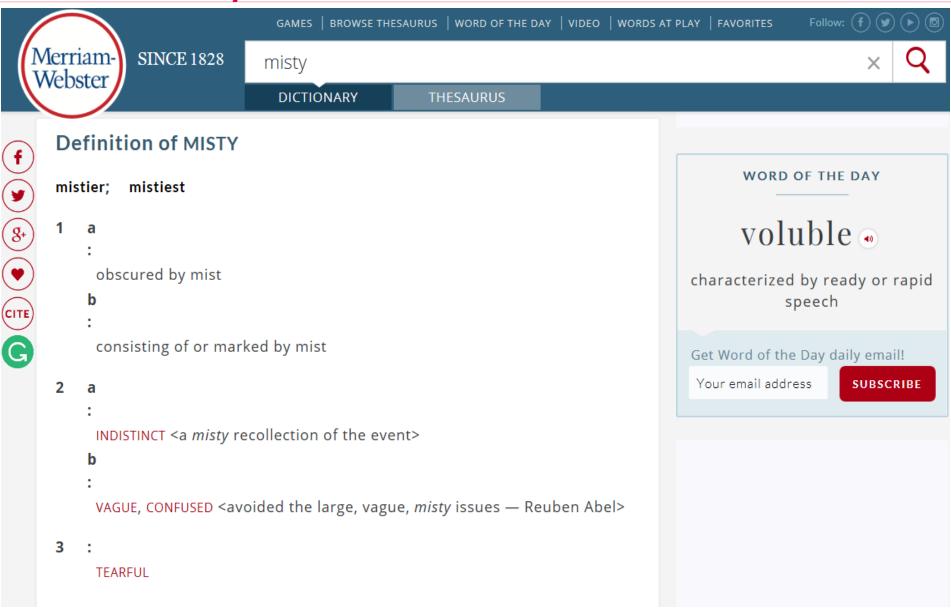
Conclusions





From business models to architecture





Misty?