Software Validation and Verification Fifth Exercise Sheet – Computation Tree Logic

Exercise 1

Prove or disprove the following implications:

- (a) Let $\Phi_1 = \forall \Diamond a \lor \forall \Diamond b$ and $\Phi_2 = \forall \Diamond (a \lor b)$. Prove or disprove the following implications: $\Phi_1 \Longrightarrow \Phi_2$ and $\Phi_2 \Longrightarrow \Phi_1$.
- (b) Now consider $\Psi_1 = \exists (a U \exists (b U c)) \text{ and } \Psi_2 = \exists (\exists (a U b) U c).$ Again, prove or disprove $\Psi_1 \Longrightarrow \Psi_2$ and $\Psi_2 \Longrightarrow \Psi_1$.

Exercise 2

Transform the CTL-formula $\Phi = \neg \forall \Diamond (\forall (\forall \Box b) U (\forall \bigcirc a))$ into an equivalent CTL-formula in

- (a) existential normal form and
- (b) positive normal form.

Exercise 3

Consider the following CTL formulas and the transition system TS outlined on the right:



Give the satisfaction sets $Sat(\Phi_i)$ and decide whether $TS \models \Phi_i$ holds $(1 \le i \le 4)$.