# Personal Air Quality Monitoring

### **Giuseppe Anastasi**

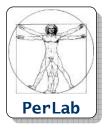
Pervasive Computing & Networking Lab (Perlab) Dept. of Information Engineering, University of Pisa

E-mail: giuseppe.anastasi@unipi.it

Website: www.iet.unipi.it/~anastasi/

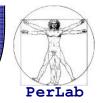
Università di Pisa





TI4AAB 2016 | Pisa, July 7-8, 2016

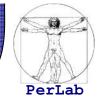
## Introduction



- Air quality has a serious impact on public health, environment and economy
  - Poor air quality results in ill health, premature deaths, as well as damages to ecosystems, crops, and buildings
  - The effects are clearly more serious in urban areas
- European countries have significantly reduced the emissions of several air pollutants
  - sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), benzene (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>), lead (Pb)
- Other pollutants still represent a serious threat
  - particulate matter (PM)
  - ozone (O<sub>3</sub>),
  - Nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)
  - some organic compounds



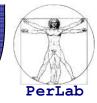
# EEA Report 2015







# EEA Report 2015



Contents

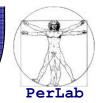
### Contents

### Contents

Ac	rony	ıms, ui	nits and symbols	5
Ac	knov	wledge	ments	6
Ex	ecut	ive su	nmary	7
1	Intr	oducti	on	11
	1.1	Huma	in health	11
	1.2	Ecosy	stems	12
	1.3	Clima	te change	12
	1.4	The b	uilt environment and cultural heritage	12
	1.5	Air po	licy	12
	1.6	Outlin	ne of this report	13
2	Sou	rces a	nd emissions of air pollutants	14
	2.1	Sourc	es of regulated pollutants	14
	2.2	Total	emissions of air pollutants	15
	2.3	Secto	ral emissions of air pollutants	15
3	Part	ticulat	e matter	20
	3.1	Europ	ean air quality standards and World Health Organization	
			lines for particulate matter	
	3.2		s in concentrations	
			Exceedances of limit and target values	
			Relationship of emissions to ambient particulate matter concentrations	
4	Ozo	ne		25
	4.1	Europ for oz	ean air quality standards and World Health Organization guidelines one	25
	4.2	Statu	s in concentrations	26
		4.2.1	Exceedance of the target values for protection of health	27
		4.2.2	Relationship of ozone precursor emissions to ambient ozone concentrations	27
5	Nitr	ogen	lioxide	29
	5.1	Europ for N	ean air quality standards and World Health Organization guidelines $\Omega_2$	29
	5.2	Statu	s in concentrations	30
		5.2.1	Exceedances of limit values for the protection of human health	30
		5.2.2	Relationship of nitrogen oxides emissions and nitrogen dioxide concentrations	32

6	Ben	zo[a]pyrene
	6.1	European air quality standards and reference levels for benzo[a]pyrene
	6.2	Status in concentrations
		6.2.1 Exceedances of the target value
7	Oth	er pollutants: sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, toxic metals and benzene36
	7.1	European air quality standards and World Health Organization guidelines
	7.2	Status in concentrations
		7.2.1 Sulphur dioxide
		7.2.2 Carbon monoxide
		7.2.3 Toxic metals
		7.2.4 Benzene
8	Рор	ulation exposure to air pollutants in European urban areas
	8.1	
	8.2	Ozone
	8.3	Nitrogen dioxide40
	8.4	Benzo[a]pyrene40
	8.5	Sulphur dioxide40
	8.6	Carbon monoxide41
	8.7	Toxic metals (arsenic, cadmium, lead and nickel)41
	8.8	
9	Hea	Ith impacts of exposure to fine particulate matter, ozone and nitrogen dioxide42
	9.1	Health impacts of current exposure to fine particulate matter, ozone and nitrogen dioxide
	9.2	Estimated health gains attributable to attainment of fine particulate matter and nitrogen dioxide guidelines or limit values
10	Hea	Ith impacts of exposure to benzo[a]pyrene46
11	Imp	acts of air pollution on ecosystems
	11.1	Vegetation damage by ground-level ozone
	11.2	Eutrophication
	11.3	Acidification
	11.4	Environmental impacts of toxic metals
	11.5	Ecosystem exposure to nitrogen oxides and sulphur dioxide
Re	fere	nces

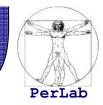
# EEA Report 2015



### Table 9.2 Premature deaths attributable to PM<sub>2.5</sub>, O<sub>3</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> exposure in 2012 in 40 European countries and the EU-28 Country PM<sub>2.5</sub> **O**<sub>3</sub> NO<sub>2</sub> 6 1 0 0 320 660 Austria Belgium 9 300 170 2 300 Bulgaria 14 100 500 700 4 500 270 50 Croatia 790 40 0 Cyprus Czech Republic 10 400 380 290 2 900 Denmark 110 50 620 30 0 Estonia Finland 1 900 60 0 43 400 1 500 7 700 France 59 500 2 100 10 400 Germany Greece 11 100 780 1 300 12 800 610 720 Hungary rol 1 200 30 0 Italy 59 500 3 300 21 600 90 Latvia 1 80( Lithuania 2 300 80 0 250 10 60 Luxembourg Malta 200 20 0 Netherlands 10 100 200 2 800 Poland 44 600 1 1 0 0 1 600 5 400 320 470 Portugal Romania 25 500 720 1 500 Slovakia 5 700 250 60 Slovenia 1 700 100 30 Spain 25 500 1 800 5 900 Sweden 3 700 160 10 United Kingdom 37 800 530 14 100 Albania 2 200 140 270 60 4 0 Andorra Bosnia and Herzegovina 3 500 200 70 former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the 3000 130 210 2 0 lceland 100 20 1 3 Liechtenstein 2 7 Monaco 30 Montenegro 570 40 20 Norway 1 700 70 200 2 30 0 San Marino Serbia (ª) 13 400 550 1100 Switzerland 4 300 240 950 Total (<sup>b</sup>) 432 000 17 000 75 000 EU-28 (b) 403 000 16 000 72 000

# Premature deaths due to PM2.5, O2, and NO2 exposure in 2012

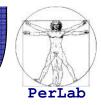
# Motivations



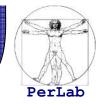
- Air quality typically monitored through large and expensive sensing stations
  - Located in (few) strategic locations
  - *Accurate* monitoring, but *limited* to specific areas



# Motivations



- Air quality typically monitored through large and expensive sensing stations
  - Located in (few) strategic locations
  - *Accurate* monitoring, but *limited* to specific areas
- Sensing stations are managed by public authorities
  - pollution data are often not (promptly) available to citizens
  - or they can be difficult to understand



### Rete Regionale Monitoraggio Qualità Aria - AGGLOMERATO NAPOLI - CASERTA (ZONA IT1507)

POSTAZIONI		NO2 / ora [µg/m³]			CO mob / ora [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]		PM10 [µg/m³]		PM2.5 [µg/m³]		O3 / ora [µg/m³]				ZENE (µ	ıg/m³]	SO2 [µg/m³]				
	max	ora	media	sup.	max	media	sup.	media	sup.	media	max	ora	media	sup.	max	ora	media	max	ora	media	sup.
Caserta CE51 Ist. Manzoni	96	21	41	0	*	*	*	28	14	19	109	15	47	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Caserta CE52 Sc. De Amicis	40	9	26	0	0,8	0,4	0	29	13	10	*	*	*	*	nv	-	nv	*	*	*	*
Maddaloni CE54 Sc. Settembrini	64	19	36	0	*	*	*	41	14	16	100	15	40	0	*	-	*	*	*	*	*
Napoli NA01 Oss. Astronomico	39	12	21	0	0,5	0,4	0	27	7	11	122	17	84	0	nv	-	nv	*	*	*	*
Napoli NA02 Osp. Santobono	nv	-	nv	0	*	*	*	nv	2	nv	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Napoli NA06 Museo Nazionale	104	9	58	0	4,1	3,1	0	nv	17	27	*	*	*	*	m	-	m	*	*	*	*
Napoli NA07 Ferrovia	112	21	66	0	0,9	0,8	0	34	12	22	*	*	*	*	0,5	10	0,2	*	*	*	
Napoli NA08 Osp. N. Pellegrini	142	22	65	0	*	*	*	30	13	14	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Napoli NA09 Via Argine	118	21	66	0	m	m	0	np	16	np	*	*	*	*	4,8	22	1,7	m	-	m	0
Napoli Epomeo (Tirrenopower)	np	-	np	0	np	np	0	np	*	np	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Acerra Zona Industriale	nv	-	nv	0	1,0	0,9	0	38	13	17	*	*	*	*	nv	-	nv	4,2	8	1,5	0
Acerra Scuola Caporale	np	-	np	0	np	np	0	np	12	np	*	*	*	*	np	-	np	*	*	*	*
Aversa Scuola Cirillo	m	-	m	0	m	m	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	m	-	m	*	*	*	*
Casoria Scuola Palizzi (CAM)	np	-	np	0	*	*	*	np	17	np	np	-	np	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pomigliano d'Arco Area Asi	67	2	nv	0	1,3	nv	0	nv	21	nv	*	*	*	*	6,0	6	nv	4,5	1	nv	0
Portici Parco Reggia	m	-	m	0	*	*	*	m	*	m	m	-	m	0	m	-	m	*	*	*	*
S. Vitaliano Scuola Marconi	127	22	61	0	*	*	*	56	37	25	104	16	32	0	8,6	1	4,4	6,5	9	2,9	0
Torre Annunziata Sc. Pascoli	106	8	52	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	59	15	26	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Volla (Tirrenopower)	np	-	np	0	np	np	0	np	*	np	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

PROSPETTO DI SINTESI DATI DI QUALITA' DELL'ARIA AMBIENTE RILEVATI DALLE ORE 01:00 ALLE ORE 24:00 DEL 31-03-2016

LA STRUTTURA DELLA RETE DI MONITORAGGIO E' IN FASE DI ADEGUAMENTO AL D.LGS. 155/2010, L'ACQUISIZIONE DEI DATI ED I CRITERI DI VALUTAZIONE PER L'ANNO 2016 SONO DEFINITI DAL D.LGS. 155/2010.

LEGENDA

": analizzatore non previsto m: analizzatore in manutenzione

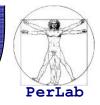
nv: dati non validabili

np:dati non pervenuti

			Tempi di mediazione	
ARPAC	NO <sub>2</sub>	Biossido di azoto	massima media oraria	Il valore orario di 200 µg/m³ non può essere superato più di 18 volte nell'arco dell'anno
	CO	Monossido di carbonio	massima media oraria	Il valore massimo della media mobile calcolata sulle 8 ore non può superare i 10 mg/m3
	PM <sub>10</sub>	Polveri sosp d<10µm	media giornaliera	Il valore giornaliero di 50 µg/m³ non può essere superato più di 35 volte nell'arco dell'anno
- 1 - 1 - 1	PM <sub>2,5</sub>	Polveri sosp d<2,5µm	media annuale	Il valore medio annuale di 25 µg/m³ non può essere superato nell'arco dell'anno
	O3	Ozono	massima media oraria	Il valore orario della soglia di informazione è pari a 180 µg/m³ la soglia di allarme è pari a 240 µg/m³
	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	Benzene	media annuale	Il valore medio annuale di 5 µg/m³ non può essere superato nell'arco dell'anno
	SO <sub>2</sub>	Biossido di zolfo	massima media oraria	Il valore orario di 350 µg/m³ non può essere superato più di 24 volte nell'arco dell'anno

Dati elaborati in data 01/04/2016

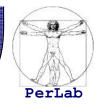
💽 💽 🐁 🚿 🔼 🖸 🝋 🗐



→ C ff [] www.arpat.toscana.it/temi-ambienta p ★ Bookmarks 🔢 Calendar 💽 Notes 🕵 Traduttore 🏙		eneo 🛻 CINI 🔎 Con	ntatti 📑 Facebook in L	inkedIn 📋 U	ilities 🗀	Smart-Cities [	🗋 Didatt	ica 🚞 R	licerca 🧰 Cfl	Ps 🧀 Papers	🎦 Revisioni 🦳 Eventi-Riviste 🦳 Giornali (	🛋 🏠 S 🗅 Aerei » 🗀 Altri Pri
				Dellettine								
	Bollettino rete Re	gionale Boi	lettino Ozono	Bollettino	stazior	ii provinci	Cerc	a			<u>A</u> -	
	STAZIONE	COMUNE	ZONA 🔺	PM10 μg/m³ media giornaliera	Numero Sup. da inizio anno	PM2.5 µg/m³ media giornaliera	NO2 µg/m³ max orario	SO2 µg/m³ max orario	CO mg/m³ max media mobile 8h	Benzene µg/m³ media giornaliera	H2S µgim <sup>3</sup> max orario	
	FI-GRAMSCI	FIRENZE	Agglomerato di Firenze	n.d.	10	n.d.	88		0.9	2.3	· .	
	<b>FI-SETTIGNANO</b>	FIRENZE	Agglomerato di Firenze	-	-	-	7	-			-	
	FI-SIGNA	SIGNA	Agglomerato di ⊢ırenze	6	13	-	53	-	-	1	-	
	FI-BOBOLI	FIRENZE	Agglomerato di Firenze	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	FI-SCANDICCI	SCANDICCI	Agglomerato di Firenze	9	4	-	60	-	-	-	-	
	FI-BASSI	FIRENZE	Agglomerato di Firenze	5	2	4	52	1.5	-	n.d.	-	
	FI-MOSSE	FIRENZE	Agglomerato di Firenze	13	4	-	73	-	-	-	-	
	AR-CASA-STABBI	CHITIGNANO	Zona Collinare Montana	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	
	PI-MONTECERBOLI	POMARANCE	Zona Collinare Montana	6	0	-	9	-	-	-	40	
	SI-POGGIBONSI	POGGIBONSI	Zona Collinare Montana	7	0	6	32	-	-	-	-	
	SI-BRACCI	SIENA	Zona Collinare	9	0	-	50	-	0.6	-	-	

ISI (2 📴

IT 🔺 🔀 🚼 🎲 🛱 🌗 17:29 23/11/2015

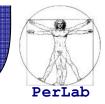


$$AQI = \max \left\{ \frac{G_1^{meas}}{G_1^{lim}}, \frac{G_2^{meas}}{G_2^{lim}}, \frac{G_3^{meas}}{G_3^{lim}}, \dots, \frac{G_N^{meas}}{G_N^{lim}} \right\}$$

### **Air Quality Index**

Air Quality Index	Air Quality Classes	Color
From $\theta$ to $\theta.5$	Good	
From 0.5 to <i>1</i>	Fair	
From <i>1</i> to 1.5	Moderate	
From 1.5 to 2	Unhealthy	
More than 2	Insalubrious	



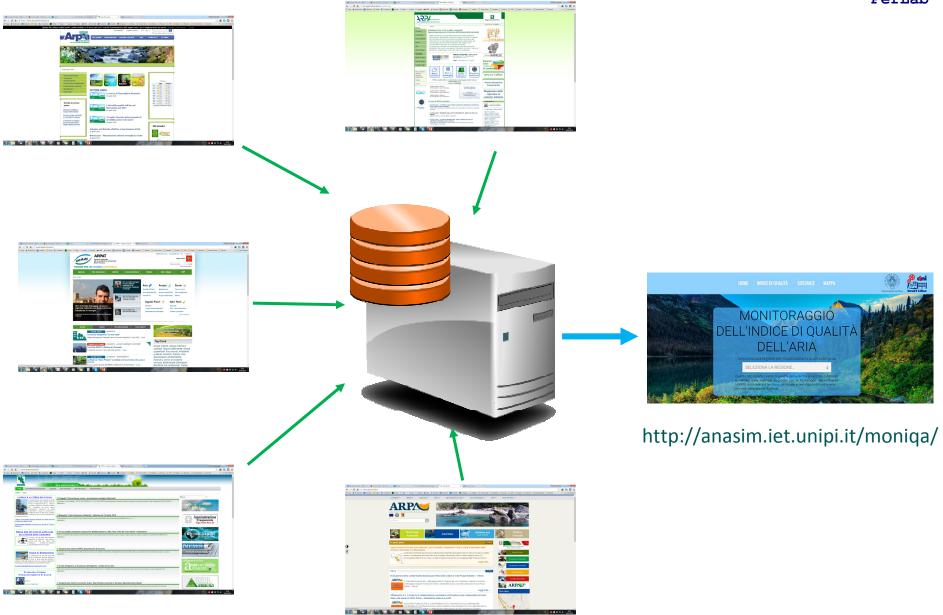


### http://anasim.iet.unipi.it/moniqa/

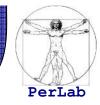


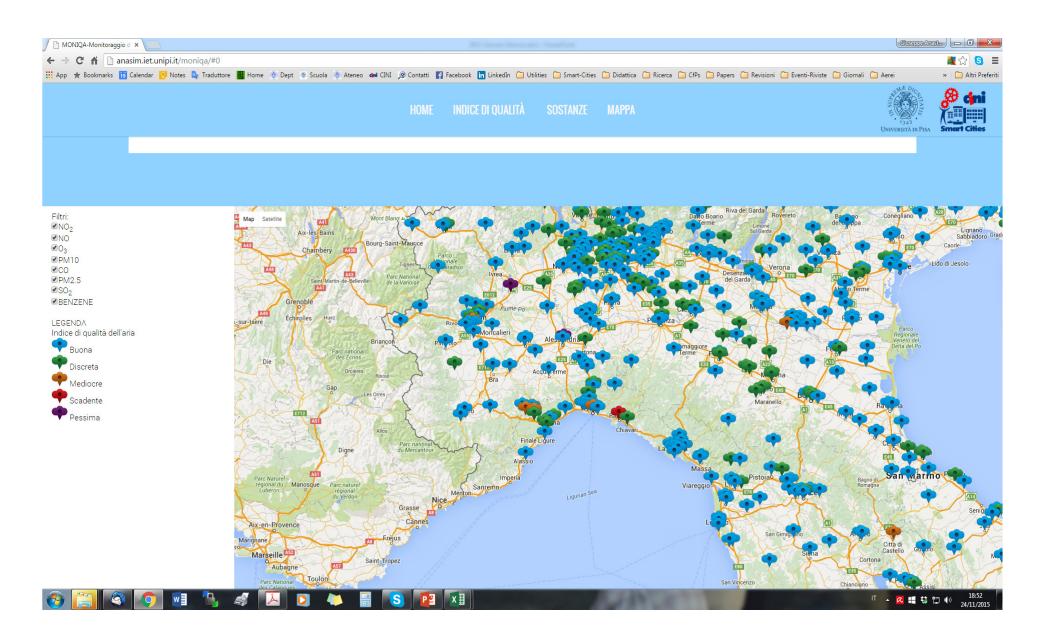
# MonIQA



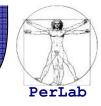


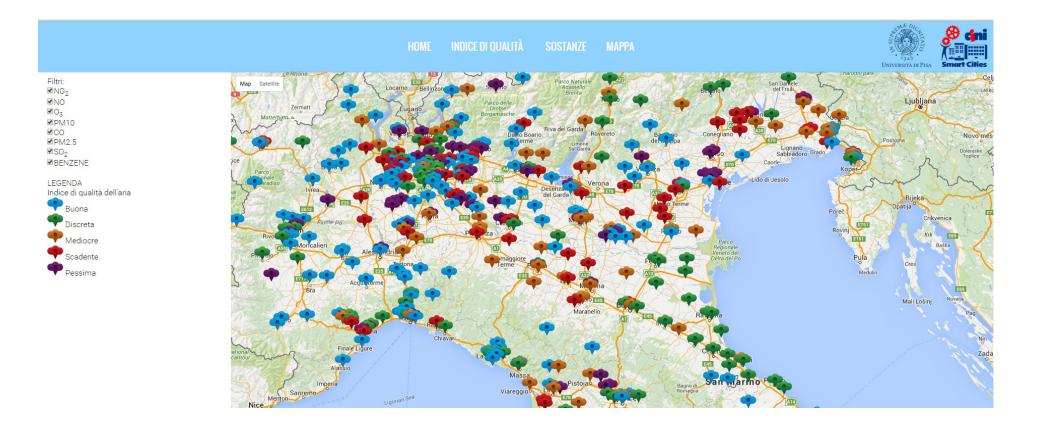
# MonIQA





# MonIQA (December 2015)





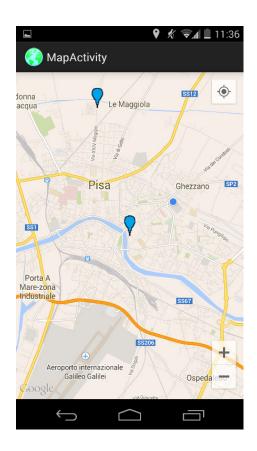
# **MonIQA for Mobile Devices**











Versione Web: anasim.iet.unipi.it/moniqa/



## **MonIQA for Mobile Devices**

App available in **b** Coogle play





19 0





27 dicembre 2015 · MonIga · 🛞

Schif ....



### L'aria alla stazione di PI-Borghetto è Mediocre

Le misurazioni sono: NO2: 72.0 su 200.0 µg/m³, PM10: 44.0 su 50.0 µg/m³, CO: 1.6 su 10.0 mg/m3, PM2.5: 30.0 su 25.0 µg/m3

DATI RIFERITI AL 23/12/2015



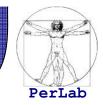
PerLab

 $\sim$ 

# **Cooperative Sensing**

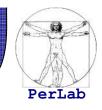


### **Other Motivations**



- Sensing stations are managed by public authorities
  - pollution data are often not (promptly) available to citizens
  - or they can be difficult to understand
- People are really interested in knowing air quality in places where they live
  - street where their home is located
  - school of their kids
  - working place
  - public gardens
  - •••

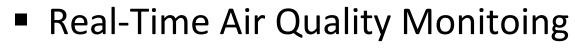
### <mark>u Sense</mark>



- Based on low-cost sensor nodes
  - equipped with appropriate gas sensors
  - privately installed by citizens (group of citizens)
     ⇒ Balcony, Garden, ...
- Sensor nodes are powered by batteries
  - flexible deployment and easy relocation
- Users can share their measurements
  - through social networks (cooperative sensing)
- Real-time and fine-grained monitoring
  - Many low-cost sensors



## **USense:** Architecture

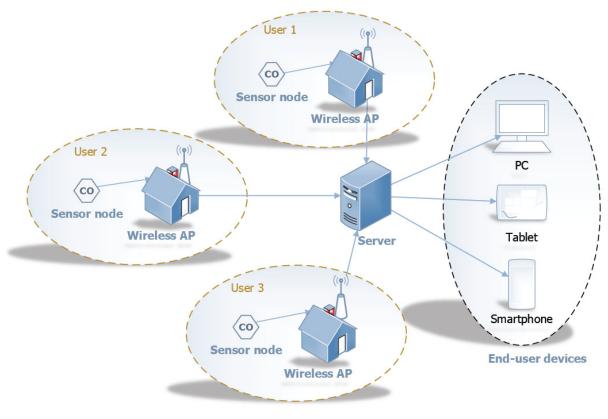


Where the users really live



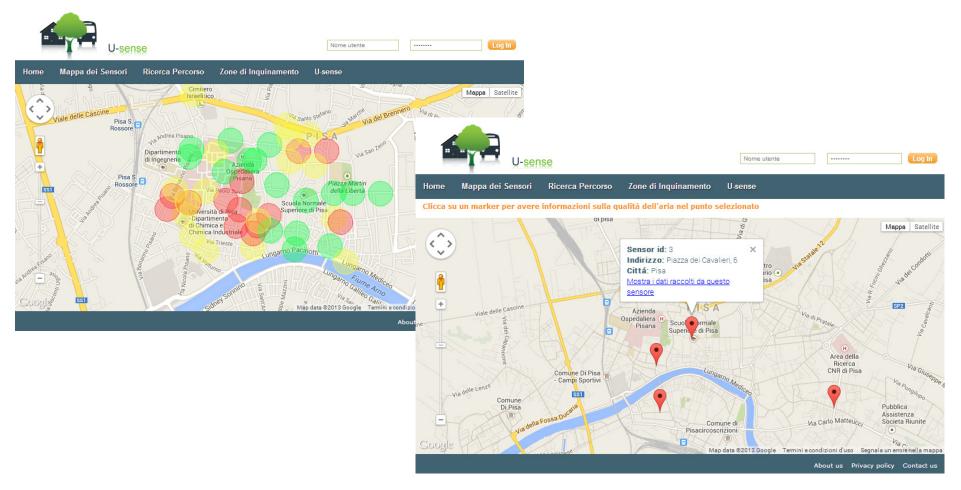








- Through a web interface, a user can:
  - View pollution map







# PerLab

### ...Check gas concentrations in real-time

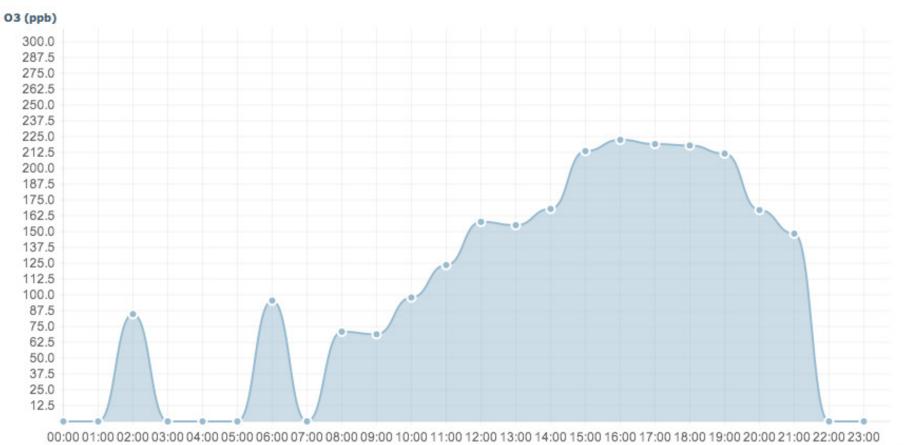
Ora	Data	TEMP (°C)	CO (PPM)	CO2 (PPM)	NO2 (PPM)	<b>O3</b> (PPB)
21:30:00	15-03-2014	12	56.172	1334.289	0.037	141.679
21:12:00	15-03-2014	12	54.003	1334.289	0.038	155.018
20:54:00	15-03-2014	12	57.994	1539.04	0.038	162.052
20:35:00	15-03-2014	12	57.46	1198.809	0.039	161.175
20:17:00	15-03-2014	12	61.743	1077.085	0.04	177.692
19:59:00	15-03-2014	12	58.265	1242.367	0.043	197.342
19:40:00	15-03-2014	12	57.46	1156.778	0.043	207.461
19:22:00	15-03-2014	12	54.706	1116.221	0.043	219.993
19:04:06	15-03-2014	12	53.32	1198.809	0.043	221.654
18:45:00	15-03-2014	12	56.937	1116.221	0.043	220.824
18:27:00	15-03-2014	12	57.197	1287.508	0.042	210.815
18:09:09	15-03-2014	12	58.265	1077.085	0.043	222.484
17:50:00	15-03-2014	13	61.743	1077.085	0.043	222.484
17:32:00	15-03-2014	13	57.46	1039.322	0.043	219.993
17:14:00	15-03-2014	13	59.661	1002.882	0.042	214.995
16:55:00	15-03-2014	13	62.053	1077.085	0.042	221.654
16:37:00	15-03-2014	14	63.005	933.792	0.041	219.993
16:19:00	15-03-2014	14	66.061	1156.778	0.042	221.654
16:00:05	15-03-2014	14	63.005	1077.085	0.041	226.626
15:42:00	15-03-2014	14	62.053	1242.367	0.041	225.799
15:24:00	15-03-2014	14	62.053	1334.289	0.041	209.978
15:05:05	15-03-2014	15	64.664	1077.085	0.04	204.94
14:47:00	15-03-2014	15	63.989	1116.221	0.038	192.25
14:29:00	15-03-2014	19	66.421	1156.778	0.036	172.506
14:10:00	15-03-2014	21	75.573	1198.809	0.033	138,986



### ... and plots

### Mostra grafici:

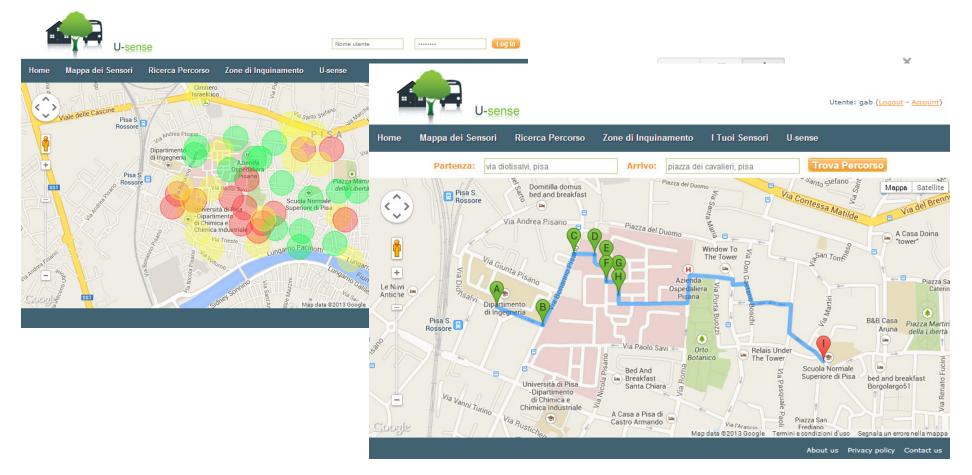
Temperatura - Umidità - Pressione - CO - CO2 - O3 - NO2 - VOC







- Through a web interface, a user can:
  - Search for the less polluted route







### **Sensor Registration**

- A user with a private sensor can:
  - Create an account
  - Register his/her sensor to the system
  - Modify the sensor location
  - Remove a sensor from the system
  - View data taken from his/her sensor directly on a dedicated page

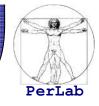




Sense Registration Form		Pe
		P
U-sense Nome	e utente	Log
ne Mappa dei Sensori Ricerca Percorso Zone di Inquinamento U-sense		
Cos'è U-sense?	Registrati	
<b>Cos'è U-sense?</b> Il progetto Smarty (Smart Transport for a Sustainable City) è un progetto finanziato dal overno della Regione Toscana a cui prendono parte tra i partner l'azienda toscana Softec e	<b>Registrati</b> Nome utente	
<b>Cos'è U-sense?</b> Il progetto Smarty (Smart Transport for a Sustainable City) è un progetto finanziato dal overno della Regione Toscana a cui prendono parte tra i partner l'azienda toscana Softec e Università di Pisa, e prevede una durata che va dal 2012 al 2014. Obiettivo del progetto è la calizzazione di una piattaforma ICT che permetta lo sviluppo di servizi innovativi,		
Cos'è U-sense? Il progetto Smarty (Smart Transport for a Sustainable City) è un progetto finanziato dal overno della Regione Toscana a cui prendono parte tra i partner l'azienda toscana Softec e Università di Pisa, e prevede una durata che va dal 2012 al 2014. Obiettivo del progetto è la calizzazione di una piattaforma ICT che permetta lo sviluppo di servizi innovativi, romuovendo l'utilizzo di sistemi di trasporto flessibili come il car/bus pooling e il bike/car	Nome utente	
Cos'è U-sense? Il progetto Smarty (Smart Transport for a Sustainable City) è un progetto finanziato dal overno della Regione Toscana a cui prendono parte tra i partner l'azienda toscana Softec e Università di Pisa, e prevede una durata che va dal 2012 al 2014. Obiettivo del progetto è la calizzazione di una piattaforma ICT che permetta lo sviluppo di servizi innovativi, romuovendo l'utilizzo di sistemi di trasporto flessibili come il car/bus pooling e il bike/car	Nome utente Password	
<b>Cos'è U-sense?</b> Il progetto Smarty (Smart Transport for a Sustainable City) è un progetto finanziato dal governo della Regione Toscana a cui prendono parte tra i partner l'azienda toscana Softec e Università di Pisa, e prevede una durata che va dal 2012 al 2014. Obiettivo del progetto è la ealizzazione di una piattaforma ICT che permetta lo sviluppo di servizi innovativi, promuovendo l'utilizzo di sistemi di trasporto flessibili come il car/bus pooling e il bike/car sharing."	Nome utente Password Conferma password	

Beta version on <u>http://anasim.iet.unipi.it</u>

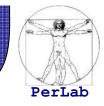
# **Mobile Interface**

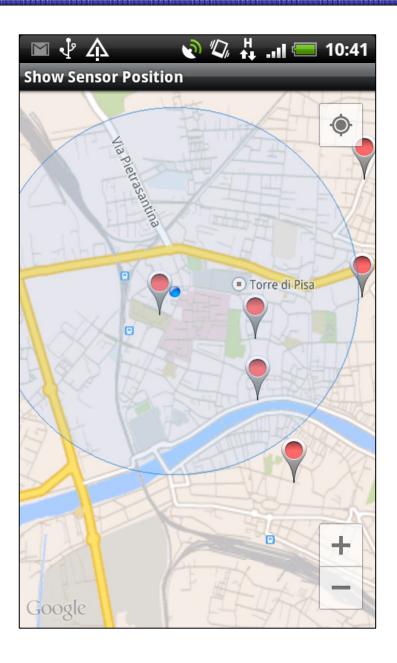


чÅ	🕼 🛜 📶 🗺 08:57
Usense Mobile	
1	U-sense Mobile
	Sensors Positions
	Pollution Areas
	View Iqa
	Search path

- Visualize sensors in her/his proximity (GPS localization)
- Check pollution areas
- Check IQA (Air Quality Index) in real time
- Look for less polluted paths

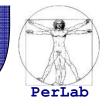


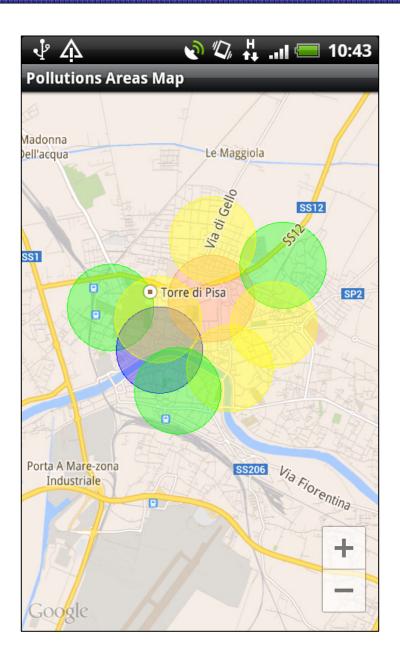




- Visualize sensors in her/his proximity (GPS localization)
- Check pollution areas
- Check IQA (Air Quality Index) in real time
- Look for less polluted paths

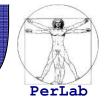


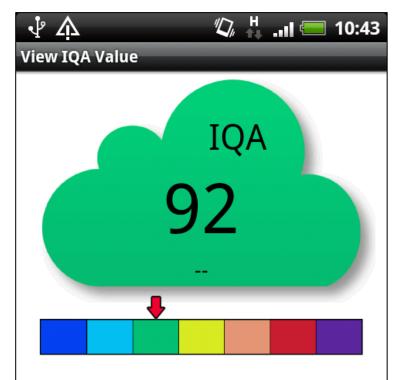




- Visualize sensors in her/his proximity (GPS localization)
- Check pollution areas
- Check IQA (Air Quality Index) in real time
- Look for less polluted paths





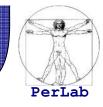


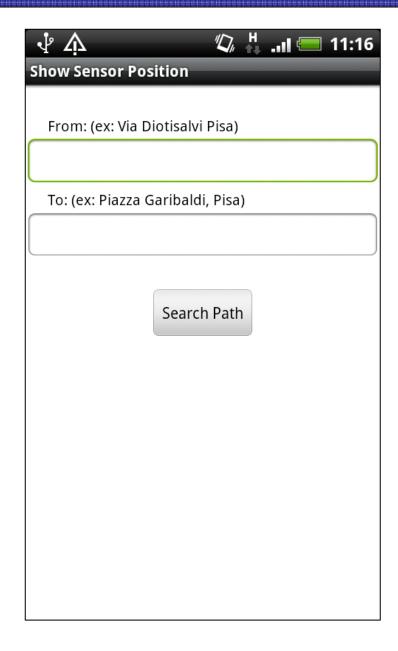
TEMP :21°

CO: 33.517PPM CO2 :748.428PPM NO2 :0.032PPB O3 :107.397PPB VOC :0PPM

- Visualize sensors in her/his proximity (GPS localization)
- Check pollution areas
- Check IQA (Air Quality Index) in real time
- Look for less polluted paths







- Visualize sensors in her/his proximity (GPS localization)
- Check pollution areas
- Check IQA (Air Quality Index) in real time
- Look for less polluted paths







### Hardware

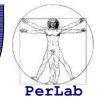
- Libelium Waspmote
  - 8-bit microcontroller
  - WIFI Communication module

### Gas sensor board 2.0

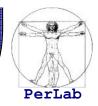
- CO (carbon monoxide)
- CO<sub>2</sub> (carbon dioxide)
- NO<sub>2</sub> (nitrogene dioxide)
- O<sub>3</sub> (ozone)
- VOC (volatile organic compound)
- Temperature
- Humidity



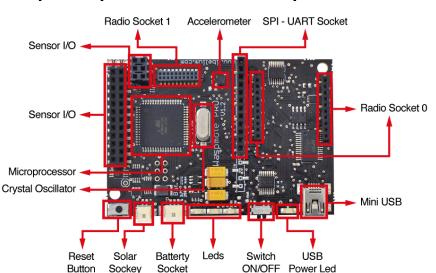




## Waspmote



- Waspmote
  - 8-bit microcontroller
  - Microcontroller: ATmega 1281 (low power consumption processor)
    Radio Socket 1 Accelerometer SPI-UART Socket
  - Frequency: 14 Mhz
  - SO: none
  - SRAM: 8Kb
  - EPROM: 4Kb
  - FLASH: 128Kb
  - Battery: 3,7 V 6.600 mA/h
  - Consumption:
     ON: 15 mA Sleep: 55uA DeepSleep: 55uA



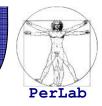
### **WIFI Module**

- Protocol: 802.11b/g 2,4GHz
- TX Power: from 0 to 12 dBm, variable via software

Estate	Power Consumption
OFF	0 uA
SLEEP	4 uA
ON	33 mA
Receiving Data	38 mA
Transmitting Data	38 mA
Scanning Access Points	34 mA





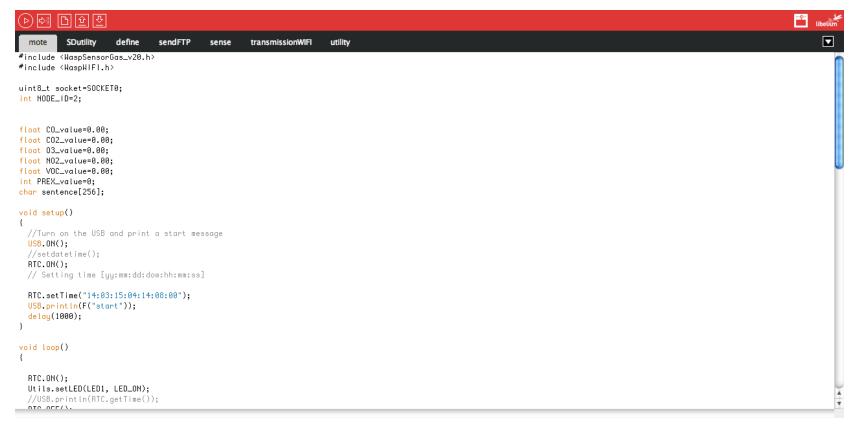


### Waspmote programming

### Programming:

- Clanguage, procedural (non-object oriented).
- No threads, no multitasking
- Library for interfacing with sensors, WiFi/ZigBee module, and microcontroller.

PerLab



#### **Gas Sensor Board**

PerLab

- GAS Sensor Board
  - CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, VOC
  - All sensor need to be calibrated
    - ⇒ All sensors have different physical characteristics
  - From microcontroller we obtain an electrical measure
    - ⇒ Voltage or resistance value
  - Calibration is not simple, it needs a gas reference
    - ⇒ We need an artificial air with known gas concentration
  - Sensors are energy hungry
    - $\Rightarrow$  All sensors have a resistance to be heated up to 400 °C !!!
    - ⇒ Power consumption is about 100 mW (on average) !!
    - ⇒ Duty cycling required



## **GAS Sensor Board**



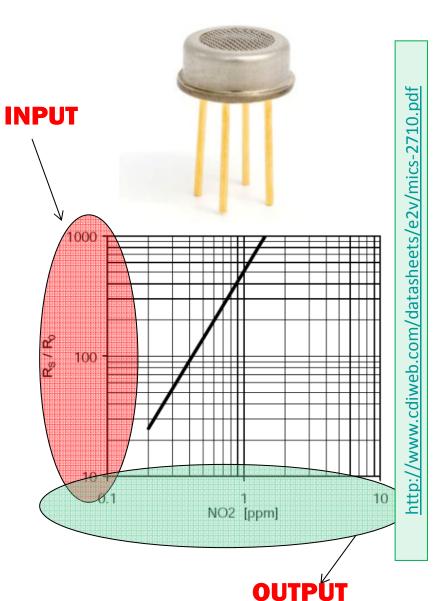
Specifications (from datasheet)

#### **Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Symbol	Value/ Range	Unit
Maximum sensor supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	2.5	V
Maximum heater power dissipation	P <sub>H</sub>	50	mW
Maximum sensor power dissipation	Ps	1	mW
Relative humidity range	R <sub>H</sub>	5 – 95	%RH
Ambient operating temperature	T <sub>amb</sub>	-30 - 85	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>sto</sub>	-40 - 120	°C
Storage humidity range	RH <sub>sto</sub>	5 - 95	%RH

#### **Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	x Unit	
Heating power	P <sub>H</sub>	43	30	50	mW	
Heating voltage	V <sub>H</sub>	1.7	-	-	V	
Heating current	I <sub>H</sub>	26	-	-	mA	
Heating resistance	R <sub>H</sub>	66	59	73	Ω	



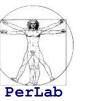


## **Sensor Calibration**

We calibrated sensors in our lab





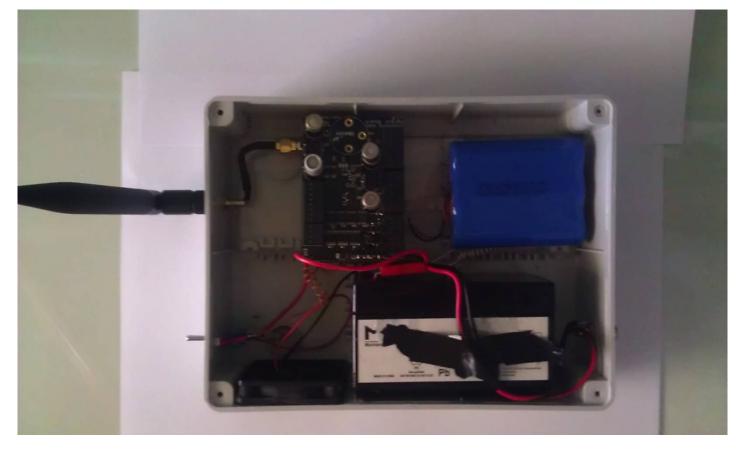


**U-sense** 



#### **External Box**

- Packaging
  - External PVC box
  - Includes fan, activation buttons, led indicators ...
  - And an extra 12V battery to power the fan



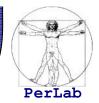




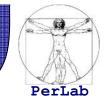
### **Experimental Setup**

- 30-day in-site experimentation
  - May 1-31, 2014
- Three different sensor nodes
  - Deployed in different locations
  - with different traffic conditions
  - and expected pollution levels
- Measurements
  - Gas concentration (every 30 min)
    - ⇔ CO
    - ⇔ CO<sub>2</sub>
    - ⇒ NO<sub>2</sub>
    - ⇔ O<sub>3</sub>





#### **Experimental Setup**



We considered 3 locations with different traffic conditions

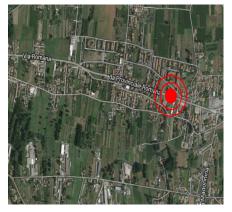


Low Traffic Conditions



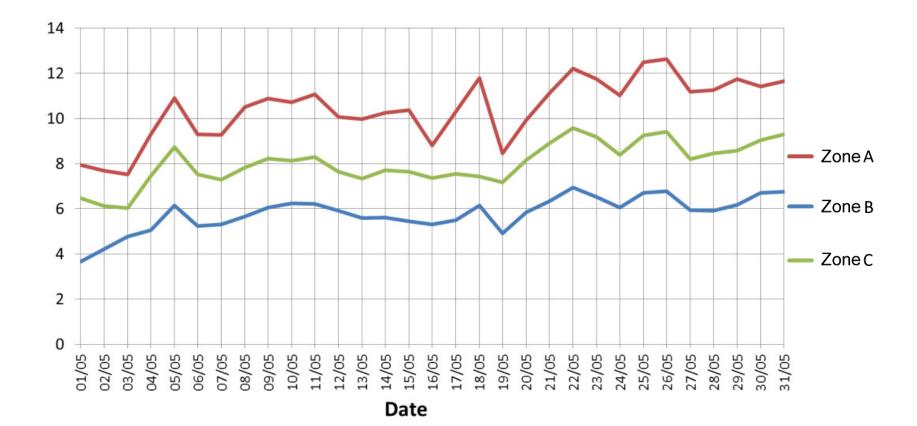


Moderate Traffic Conditions ZONE C

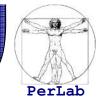




# CO Concentration (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

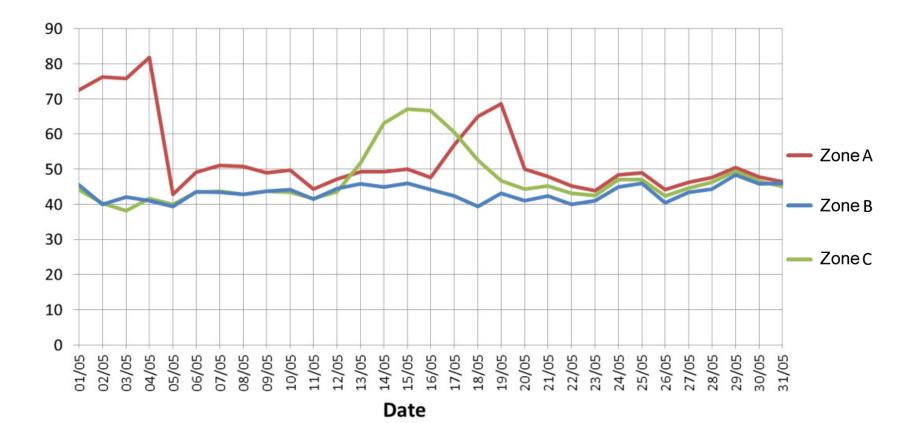


**Experimental data** 

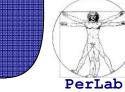






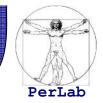






#### **Experimental data**

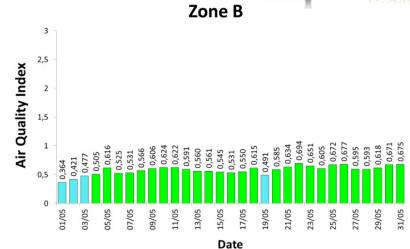
#### **Experimental data**

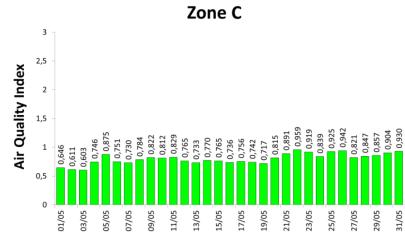




Zone A 3 2,5 Air Quality Index 2 1,5 ,174 ,142 1,165 118 126 1,18 103 1,036 1,031 0,996 1,02 0.931 0,92 0,881 0,845 0,793 1 0,5 0 01/05 03/05 05/05 07/05 11/05 13/05 15/05 17/05 19/05 23/05 25/05 27/05 29/05 31/05 20/60 21/05

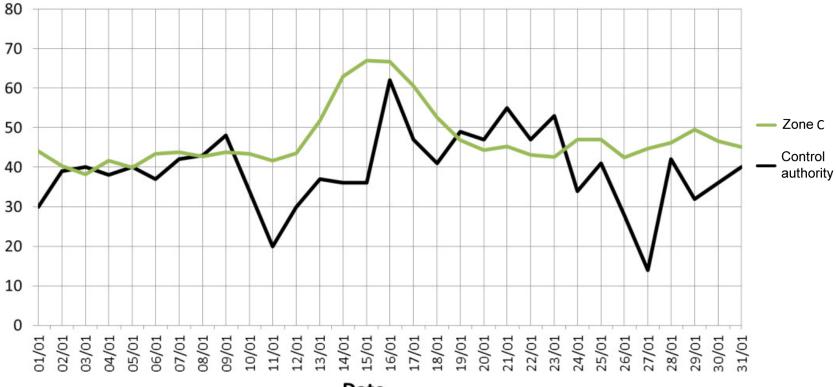
Date





Date

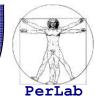






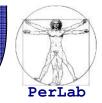


**Experimental data** 



Date

#### **Next Steps**



#### **Personal Air Quality Monitoring**

Low-cost devices based on open-platform hardware

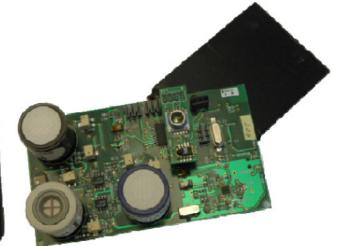
- Wearable sensing device connected to the SmartPhone
- Sensing device mounted on bikes/scooters/baby strollers
- Geo-localization and data sharing
  - through social networks
- Indoor Air Quality Monitoring



Università di Pisa

Activity Funded by University of Pisa in the Framework of the PRA 2015 Program





# **Questions?**



# NextSteps



## **Traffic-Air Pollution Correlation**

- 2 monitoring stations
  - Managed by ARPA
- 3 more low-cost stations
  - UniPI-PisaMO project

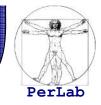








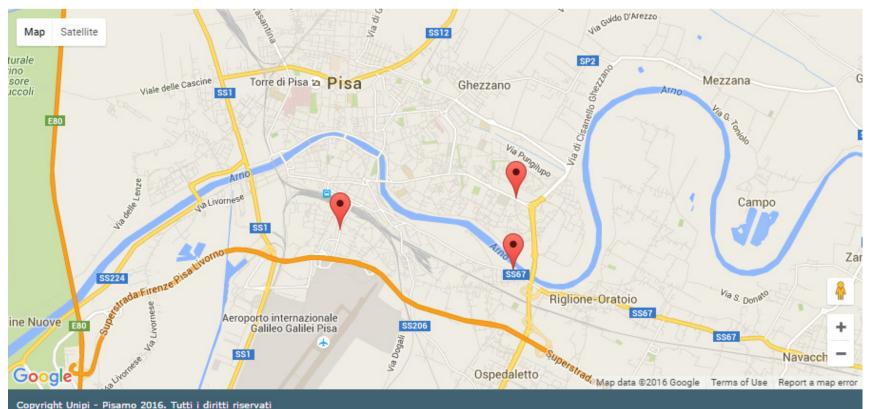
#### **Low-cost Stations**







Click on a marker for information on air quality at the selected point



Copyright Unipi - Pisamo 2016. Tutti i diritti riservati

#### **Low-cost Stations**



UniPISAmo							
Home Sensors Map							
Data from sensor 3 (, Pisa)							
Look day (dd/mm/yyyy) Visualizza dati							

보 Download CSV format data file

Open Graph:

#### Temperature - Humidity - Battery - CO - O3 - NO2 - SO2 PM1 PM2.5 PM10

Ora	Data	Temp (°C)	Humid (%)	Batt (%)	СО (РРМ)	ОЗ (РРМ)	NO2 (РРМ)	SO2 (PPM)	PM1 (ug/m3)	PM2.5 (ug/m3)	PM10 (ug/m3)
19:02:33	04-07- 2016	30.59	49	93	1.005	0	0.088	0	2.8898	9.8197	36.5529
18:47:17	04-07- 2016	30.82	49	93	1.43	0	0.082	0	1.9368	5.3974	29.2854
18:32:03	04-07- 2016	30.65	51	93	1.168	0	0.085	0	1.7572	4.5892	8.0421
18:16:40	04-07- 2016	31.21	48	93	0.584	0.059	0.091	0	2.0674	6.1429	23.0078
18:01:17	04-07- 2016	30.9	49	93	1.028	0	0.092	0	1.8631	4.3893	12.8938
17:45:58	04-07- 2016	31.44	49	93	1.03	0	0.098	0	1.9582	4.131	6.2343
17:30:31	04-07- 2016	31.39	49	93	0.776	0.056	0.094	0	2.8508	6.2902	8.7065
17:15:17	04-07- 2016	31.21	48	93	0.909	0.043	0.079	0	2.1306	4.1025	4.9122
16:59:50	04-07- 2016	31.23	47	93	0.796	0	0.087	0	2.1627	5.4366	24.1856