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From Programming Languages to Business Processes

System Modeling, Verification and Validation

Mathematical Rigour in Computer Science
Festkolloquium (Peter Schmitt's 60th Birthday)
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Really: From Logic Languages to ...

■ Models ...

– *of classes of logical formulae* (axiom systems)

- Predicate Logic, Model Theory, Set Theory: studying models (Tarski structures) concerning

- their existence (consistency/Entscheidungsproblem)

- their structural properties

- relations among (classes of) them

- methods to construct them

– *of computation*: Recursion Theory and Theory of Algorithms, studying means to measure expressivity and complexity

■ 10.5.1974: My first talk in Karlsruhe, at Inst. Ang.Inf. (H. Maurer), of a series on *Algorithmic Decision Problems* (1978, 1981, 1987)

■ 15.07.-26.07.1975 Meeting P. Schmitt at European Logic Colloquium and Summer School (Clermont-Ferrand)

Cooperation with **Logic and CS** colleagues in Karlsruhe

- *Logic and Machines: Decision Problems and Complexity*
Münster 1984, LNCS 171
– Kleine Büning, Diana Schmidt, Sperschneider
- *Rödding Gedenkschrift*, 1987, LNCS 270
Brüggemann, Klein, Kleine Büning, Kummer, Lettmann, Ottmann, Sperschneider
- *Proc. CSL '87* (the first CSL) in Karlsruhe, LNCS 329
Heisel, Karpinski, Kleine Büning, *P. Schmitt*, Reif, Stephan
- *EACSL founded* on 14.7.1992 in Dagstuhl with participation of P. Schmitt

- *Tableau paper* with P. Schmitt in J. Log.& Comp. (1997)
- P. Schmitt (with U. Glässer) editor of *Proc. 5th Intern. ASM Workshop* held 1998 in Magdeburg as part of GI Meeting

Models of (Semantics of) Programming Languages

- Debate on *declarative versus operational* semantics (“is the compiler the definition of a language”?) and on *executable specifications*
 - case of PROLOG: still logic?
 - 1989: ASM model of Prolog (to become ISO standard definition)
- **validation** used as companion to verification: run a system (simulation, mechanical or by Gedankenexperiment) to experiment with and analyze intended meanings (‘scenarios’)
 - 17.1.1990: presentation of the Prolog model in a talk in KA
 - meeting P. Schmitt at IBM Scientific Center in Heidelberg (1989/90)
- issue of *parallelism*: hard to reduce to logic alone
 - work with P. Schmitt on ASM model of Colmerauer’s Prolog III (CSL’90 Heidelberg)
 - identifying problems and clarifying critical issues (e.g. freeze feature for delaying execution until a certain term is known)
 - applied to other parallel Prologs (E. Riccobene in KA)

Verification of Programming Language Implementations

- correctness proof for compilation of *Prolog2WAM* code via successive refinement steps of ASM model of Prolog to ASM model of WAM
 - KIV verification of the proof: Ahrendt, Schellhorn (1997-1999)
 - KIV implementation and verification of ASM refinement concept
 - recent application by Schellhorn to verify Mondex electronic purse
- verifying *Occam2Transputer* compilation and *architectural design* methods (in particular pipelining for RISC architectures and massively parallel processors)
 - Verifix project (Goos, Langmaack, von Henke) where ASMs are used to model both the **compiler and** the involved **processors**
 - challenge: product-line reuse for prover-based verification of
 - *Java2JVM* (AsmGofer simulator, J. Schmid)
 - *C#2.NETCLR* (AsmL simulator, G. Fruja)
- talks in KA: 1990, March 1995, June 1995, 1996, 2001

Rules for Modeling Prolog, Prolog III, etc.

if *DataCond* and *CtlCond* and *EventCond*

then

DATAOP

CTLOP

EVENTOP

where

EventCond = still some clause to be tried

CtlCond = current constraint solvable

DataCond = involved terms known

DATAOP = unification of involved terms

CTLOP = propagation of constraint solution

EVENTOP = forward control to next alternative or backtracking

Rules for Modeling Business Processes (e.g. BPMN)

work triggered by sabbatical at SAP Research (Karlsruhe) in 2005

if *DataCond* **and** *CtlCond* **and** *EventCond* **then**

DATAOP

CTLOP

EVENTOP

where

DataCond/Op = about business process data

CtlCond/Op = about internal process control (token passing)

EventCond/Op = about communication (mssg passing)

work supported by Humboldt Research Award (joint with B. Thalheim)

system models: **Tarski structures**, but focus on rigorous description, validation and verification of their **dynamics** and on **linking model behaviour at hierarchies of levels of abstraction**

References

- E. Börger and P. Schmitt: *A formal operational semantics for languages of type Prolog III*. Proc. CSL'90
- E. Börger and P. Schmitt: *A Description of the Tableau Method using Abstract State Machines*. J. Log. & Comp. 1997
- R. Stärk, J. Schmid, E. Börger, *Java and the Java Virtual Machine: Definition, Verification, Validation*.
– Springer-Verlag 2001.
- E. Börger and B. Thalheim: *A Method for Verifiable and Validatable Business Process Modeling* (to appear LNCS 2008)